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a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being arranged to move through a first position facing said light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said disk scanner;

a confocal optical system for conjugating said first position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner; [and]

means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera[.];

wherein said certain condition comprises a rotational speed of said disk scanner;

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means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result; and

means for switching whether to control the rotational speed of said disk scanner in association with the exposure time.

[according to claim 4, further] comprising:

a light-emitting portion for emitting a light beam with which a specimen to be observed is irradiated;

a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes

formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between

said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being

arranged to move through a first position facing said

light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam

having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said

disk scanner;

a confocal optical system for conjugating said first

position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light

beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the

specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an

image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

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means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner;

means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera;

means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result;

wherein said certain condition comprises a rotational speed of said disk scanner; and

a rotation sensor for detecting a rotational position of said disk scanner, <u>and</u> wherein the rotational period signal is calculated based on a detection result by said rotation sensor.

[according to claim 2,] comprising:

a light-emitting portion for emitting a light beam with which a specimen to be observed is irradiated;

a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes

formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between

said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being

arranged to move through a first position facing said

light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam

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having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said disk scanner;

a confocal optical system for conjugating said first

position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light

beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the

specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an

image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner;

means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera;

wherein said certain condition comprises an intensity of the light beam emitted by said light-emitting portion[.]; and

means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result.

(Amended) The apparatus according to claim, further

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comprising photometric means for measuring the intensity of the light beam from the specimen, <u>and</u> wherein the exposure time signal is calculated based on a detection result by said photometric means.

(Amended) An apparatus for photographing a confocal image in cooperation with a microscope, comprising:

a light-emitting portion for emitting a light beam with which a specimen to be observed is irradiated;

a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being arranged to move through a first position facing said light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said disk scanner;

an optical system portion for forming, in cooperation with an optical system portion of said microscope, a confocal optical system for conjugating said first position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

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means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner; [and]

means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera[.];

wherein said certain condition comprises a rotational speed of said disk scanner;

means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result; and

means for switching whether to control the rotational speed of said disk scanner in association with the exposure time.

(Amended) [The] An apparatus for photographing a confocal image in cooperation with a microscope, [according to claim 14, further] comprising:

a light-emitting portion for emitting a light beam with which a specimen to be observed is irradiated;

a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes

formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between

said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being

arranged to move through a first position facing said

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light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said disk scanner;

an optical system portion for forming, in cooperation with an optical system portion of said microscope, a confocal optical system for conjugating said first position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner;

means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera;

wherein said certain condition comprises a rotational speed of said disk scanner;

means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result; and

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a rotation sensor for detecting a rotational position of said disk scanner, and wherein the rotational period signal is calculated based on a detection result by said rotation sensor.

(Amended) [The] An apparatus for photographing a confocal image in cooperation with a microscope, [according to claim 12,] comprising:

a light-emitting portion for emitting a light beam with which a specimen to be observed is irradiated;

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a rotatable disk scanner having a plurality of pinholes

formed in a disk for the light beam to pass therethrough between

said light-emitting portion and the specimen, said pinholes being

arranged to move through a first position facing said

light-emitting portion and scan the specimen with the light beam

having passed through said pinholes, along with rotation of said

disk scanner;

an optical system portion for forming, in cooperation with an optical system portion of said microscope, a confocal optical system for conjugating said first position and a second position on the specimen to cause the light beam having passed through said pinholes to be radiated onto the specimen, and to cause a light beam from the specimen to form an image on said disk;

a camera for photographing a still image of the image formed by said confocal optical system;

means for generating an exposure time signal representing an exposure time of said camera;

means for generating a rotational period signal representing a rotational period of said disk scanner;

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means for comparing the exposure time signal with the rotational period signal to generate based on a comparison result a signal concerning at least one certain condition which must be changed among conditions of said disk scanner, said confocal optical system, and said camera; and

means for automatically changing said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result; and

wherein said certain condition comprises an intensity of the light beam emitted by said light-emitting portion.

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(Amended) The apparatus according to claim 10, further comprising photometric means for measuring the intensity of the light beam from the specimen, and wherein the exposure time signal is calculated based on a detection result by said photometric means.

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--21. The apparatus according to claim 3, further comprising means for displaying a message for instructing a change of said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result.

Please add new claims 21-24, as follows:

- The apparatus according to claim 8, further comprising means for displaying a message for instructing a change of said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result.
- The apparatus according to claim 16, further comprising means for displaying a message for instructing a change of said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result.
- A. The apparatus according to claim 16, further comprising means for displaying a message for instructing a change of said certain condition on the basis of the comparison result.--